

THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

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SATURDAY, May 20, 1797.

[VOLUME X.]

LEXINGTON:—Printed [on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS] by J. BRADFORD, on Main street: where Subscriptions, at Twenty-One Shillings Per Annum, Advertisements, Articles of Intelligence, Essays, &c. are thankfully received, and Printing in general executed in a neat and correct manner.

38 PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENT
FOR MAN AND HORSE,
On Main street, next door to Doctor Downing's,
By WILLIAM ALLEN.

39 DOCTOR DUHAMEL,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has lately begun to practice Physic, at Millerburg and its neighbourhood—and that he proposes to continue with zeal and attention, and on moderate terms.

17 FOR SALE,
The tract of LAND on which I now live, lying about two miles from Lexington, near the Georgetown road, containing two hundred acres; it is well watered and timbered, about 50 acres cleared—the title in dispute. For terms apply to the subscriber who now resides on the premises.
FRANCIS DILL.
March 24.

Hughes and Fitzhugh,
HAVE for sale, at their Factory, near Hagerstown, Washington county, Maryland, A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF NAILS, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms.
March 20, 1797.

11 Notice to Debtors.
I ROSE, indebted to Dr. John Watkins, are requested to come forward and settle their respective accounts, either with Dr. Ridgely, Mr. Andrew McGalla, or the subscriber. I have deposited the bonds in the hands of Mr. McGalla; and having given this early notice, I flatter myself, that it will prove sufficient. But if other measures should be found necessary, in order to enforce payment, I must have recourse to the rigor of the law.
CHARLES W. BIRD, Atto.
Lexington, April 12, 1797.

for sale,
THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND,
ONE tract lying in the county of Campbell, on the waters of Locust creek, containing 2609 acres. One tract, lying on Long Lick creek, a branch of Boone creek, in said county, about seven miles from Harbin settlement, containing 2520 acres.
The above lands will be disposed of on moderate terms; one-half of the purchase money to be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve months will be given; the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Any person inclined to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Capt. Robt. Craddock in Danville, or to JOHN W. HOLT, atty-in-fact.
THOS. HOLT.
NOTICE.
ALL those indebted to the estate of William Parker dec'd, by bond, note or book account, are earnestly requested to come forward and settle them; likewise all those who have any demands against said estate, to bring them forward properly authenticated for settlement, as the debts of the deceased must be immediately paid—no indulgence can be expected.
Alexander Parker Adm.
Lexington, April 12, 1797.

The Supervisor of Revenue for the district of Ohio, being advised that suggestions have been made, that large sums of money have been received by the officers of revenue in this district, which have not been accounted for at the treasury; and knowing that none has come to his hands which has not been accounted for; finds himself under the necessity of a gain calling on the several collectors in the district who have not settled their accounts, which he now does for the last time—to come forward immediately and settle their respective accounts and pay in their respective collections, which, if they should omit, he is charged forthwith to prosecute as delinquents, and shall proceed accordingly. Being determined, that if this suggestion is true, it shall apply to the guilty only, and that if it is not true, its falsehood shall attach to its author; and the innocent made to appear.

T. Marshall.
April 29, 1797.

CAUTION
To all persons not to take an assignment of my note to Jos. Elston, for thirteen pounds given in part consideration of a horse—as I will not pay it, because I was defrauded, the horse having been sold to me for a sound horse, and proving to be unsound.
ROWL. THOMAS.
May 12, 1797.

27 Wanted Immediately,
A Honest, Industrious OVERSEER, who understands the management of negroes. Also an APPRENTICE to the Tanning business.
LEWIS CASTLEMAN.

22 A NEW STORE.
I HAVE just received into my care in the brick house, lately occupied by Mr. William Kelly in Bourbon, a large and general assortment of Dry Goods, Broad Ware, Groceries and Queen's Ware; which I am authorized to sell upon the lowest terms for Cash, well cleaned Hemp, Wheat, Rye, Tobacco, raw Hides, Furs, full proof Whiskey, Salt, Sugar, and good Flour in barrels; for which said articles of produce, a generous price will be given. I have also Iron and Nails left in my hands, to be sold for Cash. A few good Horses under seven years old, will be wanted.
AMOS EDWARDS.
Bourbon, March, 1797.

17 LAST NOTICE.
The partnership of McCoun & Castleman has been some time dissolved, by mutual consent, which was made known by a former advertisement. All persons indebted to them, are earnestly requested to make payment of their respective accounts to James McCoun, before the 10th of April next. Those who do not avail themselves of this notice, may depend on having their accounts put into the hands of proper officers for collection, so no further indulgence can be given.
JAMES MCCOUN,
JOHN CASTLEMAN.
March 22.

20 Acres of Military Land,
LYING in the county of Clarke, about twelve miles from Lexington on the main road leading from thence to Clarke court house, adjoining the land of Hubbard Taylor. This land lies well, is all of the first quality, and of indisputable title—a deed of general warranty will be given. Any person inclined to see it will be gratified by Mr. Taylor. The terms may be known by applying to Mr. Joseph Colby in Lexington, or to Capt. Richard Terrell on Bear-grass.
Aron Fontaine.
Jefferson, March 6, 1797.

All persons for whom I located land, are desired to come forward and pay off their respective balances, in order for a division, otherwise I shall petition the different courts for a division—Also all persons who have demands against me for land, are desired to come forward, as I am ready to discharge the same.
I have for sale twelve thousand acres of land, on Little Kentucky, and Floyd's Fork, between eighteen and thirty miles from the Falls of Ohio, of a good quality, and lies level, which I will sell on reasonable terms for cash or negroes, and make a general warranty deed.
B. NETTLELAND.
March 16, 1797.

10 Richard Campbell's Claim
AGAINST
William Tebb, heir at law to John Tebb, and Thomas Carvins, defendants.
IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Tebb, not having entered his appearance agreeably to an act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant is no inhabitant of this commonwealth, on the motion of the complainant by his attorney, it is ordered that the defendant appear here on the first day of next court, and answer the complainant's bill; and that a copy of this order be advertised in one of the Kentucky Gazettes for two months successively; and another published at the court house door, of this county, and that this order be published at the door of the Baptist meeting house in Washington, some Sunday immediately after divine service, or the complainant's bill will be taken for confessed—It appearing to the court that the former order made herein, was not executed.
(A Copy)
T. Marshall Junr. C. M. C.

Strayed or stolen from the
subscriber, a dark brown horse, nearly sixteen hands high, eight years old, branded on the near buttock U, and all round, flares the mark of ears, and had on a fall bell. Whoever delivers said horse to me in Frankfort, shall be handsomely rewarded, by
ACHILLES SNEED,
THOMAS TODD.

86 GEORGE ADAMS,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened a Tavern, in that commodious house on Main street the third door below Cross street; where those who please to favor him with their custom, shall meet with every possible attention.

65 ALL PERSONS
INDEBTED to the late partnership of IRWIN & BAYTON, are requested to pay their accounts or notes to THOMAS IRWIN or JOHN A. SATTZ, who only can give discharges.
One month's indulgence will be given.

FOR SALE,
THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF
30 LAND
IN THIS STATE—

5000 acres on the waters of Rough creek, which empties into Green river.
4000 acres on Cumberland road, near Pottinger's station.
1000 acres in the big bend of Green river, ten miles above Barnett's station.
1600 acres near Severn's valley, on the waters of Salt river.
3000 acres in Shelby county, joining Leachman's settlement.
400 acres on main Elk horn, six miles from Frankfort, 45 acres cleared.
200 acres of an Illinois grant, opposite the Falls of Ohio.
And a large body of Land in the big bend of Tennessee river.

This will inform those who incline to purchase, that I have lately returned from exploring most of the above mentioned lands, particularly that on Tennessee—and find it to be a body of soil, timber, water and range, superior to any I have ever seen. The above mentioned tract on Elk horn, will be either sold or rented.—For terms apply to the subscriber in Lexington.

BENJ. S. COX.
Feb. 2.

To be Sold on low terms,
Three hundred acres of excellent, and beautiful living LAND, in Franklin county, about six miles from Frankfort, and one and a half miles from Sauter's mills—about thirty acres cleared, and under good fence, three of which is well set with timothy, several good cabins, well watered; the land may be seen and the terms made known, by applying to Maj. Thomas Gill, or the subscriber, living near said Land.

ROBERT PATTESON.
Franklin county, April 29.

7 FOR SALE,
That noted tract of LAND, English's station, containing four hundred acres, three tracts on the Crab orchard, supposed to be equal, if not superior to any in the district, for a public house; as the land is of good quality, a great part of it would make excellent meadow; the range is good both winter and summer, and from its location, no doubt will be permanent; well watered with springs; a good seat for a distillery, and Dick's river runs through the tract; eighty or ninety acres now in order for cropping. An indisputable title will be made to the purchaser. For terms apply to the Printer hereof, or to the subscriber at Madison court house.

Spencer Griffin.
April 21.

4 Ten dollars reward.
STRAYED from the subscriber, the 5th of March, a brown HORSE, with a bob tail, six years old, about fourteen and a half hands high, trot, paces and canters very well, and rack, occasionally. Whoever delivers the said horse to the subscriber, living two miles from Lexington, on Scott's road, shall receive the above reward.
JOHN KENNEDY.
May 8, 1797.

Blank Bonds for sale at this Office.

FOR SALE,
SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND,
SITUATED in the counties of Franklin, Clarke, Bourbon, Madison, Lincoln, Hardin and Greene. The taxes shall be paid, and other incumbrances discharged at the time, and in the manner prescribed by law.

The subscriber, who will hereafter reside in this town, is authorized to dispose of the above mentioned property by a power of attorney, recorded in the office of the court of appeals. As he means to practice law in the adjacent courts, persons desiring to purchase the different tracts, will have an opportunity of contracting with him at any of those places.
Charles W. Bird.

As I purpose going once more to the great bend of Tennessee, have thought proper to give this friendly notice to those who wish to join me at Lexington on the 20th day of May next—at Harrodsburg the 22d—and Green town, on the 25th—and from thence I shall proceed on to the mouth of Crow creek, on Tennessee. It is expected every man will come well prepared for the journey.

BENJ. S. COX.
Lexington April 19, 1797.

"Supervisor's Office, 22d April, 1797."

"BEING assured of legal assistance, the supervisor of revenue for the district of Ohio, has it in charge from the Treasury department, to make a strenuous effort to enforce the collection of the duties arising from distilled spirits, stills, &c. And is instructed that the first demands ought to be made of those delinquents whose exemption in opposition to the law has been most influential. If they shall manifest a disposition to submit to the law, by complying with any formal injunctions before omitted, and shall agree to pay the duties which shall have accrued, for two years prior to the first day of July 1797, the Supervisor ought to settle with them on these terms, without coercing the penalties, or the former arrears. If however opposition is made to a compromise on these principles, suits ought to be commenced both for the whole arrears, and for all penalties which have been incurred.
If a disposition to a compromise shall not be perceived among the influential non-compliers with the law, suits ought to be commenced against this class of men generally; with respect to men of inferior consideration and influence, suits may be suspended until further instructions are received. And it is farther particularly recommended,—that the Supervisor carry the preceding plan of operations into a prompt and complete execution, in a frank, candid, and conciliating spirit, by himself and his collectors.
To which the Supervisor takes this occasion to add,—that as temperance and forbearance have ever been primary considerations with him in the execution of his office; it is with pleasure he communicates the foregoing benevolent propositions on the part of the government of the United States, and flatters himself, that the people to whom they are made, will see in them, as well the indulgence of the government, as the indispensable necessity of enforcing the execution of the law, against all opposition.
T. MARSHALL, Supervisor.

*** The board of Trustees** of the Transylvania Seminary, will meet at the Seminary on Saturday the 27th inst. at which time and place it is requested that all the trustees who can will attend.
By order of the Board
B. J. BRADFORD, Clk.

May 10, 1797.

Blank Deeds For Sale at this Office.

BOSTON, April 20,
Consular office of the French Republic,
for the States of New-Hampshire,
Massachusetts, R. Island, and Con-
necticut.

The undersigned consul of the
French Republic in Boston, declares,
that the piece published in this day's
Centinel, 30th Germinial (19th of April
1797, O. S.) under the title of an ex-
tract from a pamphlet now in circula-
tion in France published by order of the
Directory, and addressed to the people,
signed Hoche, * Is absolutely false.—
That the government of the French Re-
public never avowed, but incalculably
wilted the principles which this
despicable writer supposes them to
pursue. In those countries that have
been conquered by the victorious arms
of the Republic, religion, persons, and
property have been invariably re-
spected.

The undersigned proposes to take
the order of his government, for pro-
secuting the author of this false pub-
lication which it would be needless to
demonstrate the absurdity of.

The good citizens dispense erroneous
opinions, that may spring from party
spirit and hatred towards a republi-
can form of government; but if un-
der pretence of the liberty of the press,
the community were to tolerate the
insertion of false pieces, given as au-
thentic ones, these forgers would per-
haps soon emit bank bills, under the
faint name cloak.

MOZARD.

Boston, Germinial 30th, 5th
year of the French Repub-
lic, (April 19th, 1797,
O. S.)

*The publication alluded to is as fol-
lows:

Courageous Citizens,
"England is the richest country in
the world and we give it up to you to
be plundered. You shall march to the
capital of that haughty nation. You
shall plunder their national bank of its
immense heaps of gold.—You shall
seize upon all public and private prop-
erty—upon their warehouses—their
magazines—their stately mansions—
and gilded palaces; and you shall re-
turn to your own country loaded with
the spoils of the enemy.

This is the only method left to
bring them to our terms. When they
are humbled, then we shall dictate
what terms are proper, and they must
accept them.

Behold what our brave army in Italy
are doing—they are enriched with the
plunder of that country; and they
will be more so when Rome bellows
what, if the does not, will be taken by
force.—Our country, brave citizens,
will not demand a particle of the riches
you shall bring from Great-Britain.
Take what you please—it shall be all
your own. Arms and ammunition you
shall have, and vessels to carry you o-
ver. Once landed you will soon find
the way to London.

HOCHÉ.

April 21.

Yesterday a prosecution was com-
menced by the French consul, resident
in this town, against the editor of the
Centinel, for a publication in his pa-
per of Wednesday, signed "Hoche"—
—avowed to have been originally cop-
ied from a pamphlet, caused to be
printed and circulated in France, by
the directory.—As published in the
Centinel, however, we know it was
taken from a New-York paper re-
ceived by Tuesday's post. Mr Ruffel,
therefore, can have little to dread
from a judicial investigation of the af-
fair.

April 28.

Extract of a letter from New-York,
dated April 26.

"The British Packet failed yester-
day from the Hook, and a French cor-
vette of 14 guns and 76 men, which
has been lying here some time, imme-
diately followed. The pilot is just
come up, and informs, that the packet
was not above four miles ahead, when
he left the covelette last evening, so
that there is no doubt but the must be
taken, having only six guns and thirty
men.

The following article having been
frequently mentioned in the late ac-
counts concerning the bankruptcy of
England, we published it from the
Morning Post of the 5th March—
Brook Watson the present Lord Mayor
of London was well known in the
United States, having amassed an
immense fortune as commissary to
the British army during our revolution,
to which he has added another mil-

lion as commissary in Flanders dur-
ing 1793 and 94, the time the British
had troops on the continent of Europe.

MANSSION HOUSE.

London, Feb. 27, 1797.

At a meeting of Merchants, Bank-
ers, &c. held here this day to consider
the steps which it may be proper to
take to prevent embarrassments to pub-
lic credit, from the effects of any ill
founded or exaggerated alarms, and
to support it with the utmost exertions
at the present important conjuncture.

The Lord Mayor in the Chair.

Resolved unanimously,
That we, the undersigned, being
highly sensible how necessary the pre-
servation of public credit is at this
time, do most readily declare, that we
will not refuse to receive Bank Notes
in payment of any sum of money, to be
paid to us, and we will use our utmost
endeavours to make all our payments
in the same manner.

BROOK WATSON.

The resolution lies for signing at
the following places:—London Ta-
vern, Bishopsgate-street; Crown and
Anchor, Strand; St. Alban's, St. Al-
ban's street; Three Crown coffee
house, Three Crown Court, Borough;
and at Lloyd's Coffee House.

MANSSION HOUSE, March 2, 1797.

In addition to the two thousand and
six respectable names inserted in the
Times, Oracle and other papers, we
have the pleasure to give the follow-
ing, who have since signed the above
resolution. Should any name be o-
mitted, the public may be assured of
having a correct list of all the sub-
scribers alphabetically arranged.

[Here follows a list of 400 names of
merchants and traders, and others of
the city of London.]

The issue of the present bankruptcy
is not within the power of calculation
—but the calamities that must inevita-
bly be the consequence would be im-
mense reduced by a peace; with-
out considering that every day's con-
tinuance of the war—every additional
issue of paper—and above all the pow-
er granted to individuals to issue pa-
per on their own credit as a medium
of circulation, must multiply the dif-
ficulties and render a restitution of cre-
dit more impracticable, but the effect
which the rise in the price of specie
must have on the circulating coin of
other nations—is not among the least
objects of consideration—since the same
causes which have aided to produce the
embarrassment in England, may if di-
rected in any degree against any other
country produce similar effects on the
prosperity and credit of neighbouring
nations; prior to the late devaluation,
the coin of Great Britain bore a pre-
mium of about twenty per cent at
Hamburg—or in other words Eng-
lish Guineas of 21 shillings sterling,
were purchased for from twenty-five
to twenty-eight shillings value; this
temptation to speculation, produced a
considerable export of English coin—
the government had by active emula-
ries obtained information of the fact
and in the course of the year 1796, de-
tected packages of specie, concealed
in hampers of earthenware, Articles
that are never unpacked at the custom
houses—the money seized was never
claimed, but was supposed to be the
property of an eminent Jew Banking
House; the variety of means that pre-
sent themselves for the exportation of
such a portable article will naturally
enough suggest the likelihood of the
game having been continued.

To apply these circumstances to a
possible case—persons have been known
to send dollars to England not long
after the commencement of the pre-
sent war, from various parts of the
United States, merely upon a specula-
tion of profit by the enhanced price
of bullion of only two per cent—how
much greater is the temptation at this
time, when the British government
having raised the price of dollars 12
per cent, the speculator may expect
to obtain at least from 6 to 8.

As an expedient for the invitation of
coin in Great Britain, it might be con-
sidered as likely to be productive, but
as its Bank Paper, has suffered an ac-
tual depreciation to the full amount
of the enhancement on the bullion,
and that goods will obtain a pro-
portionate enhancement of price; and
of the one must operate as a check
upon the speculation in the other, since
no coin can pass in England at en-
hanced price, which shall not have
passed through the mint,

PHILADELPHIA, April 26.

There is so much moderation and good sense
in the following extract from an admired
writer, and it seems so well calculated to so-
lute the asperities with which some of our
contemporaries speak of certain rival nations,
that we offer no apology for its insertion.

"National prejudice is by some called
a virtue, but the virtue of it con-
firms only in the proper application and
moderate degree of it. It must be
confessed a happy attachment,
which can reconcile the Laplander to
his freezing snows, and the African to
his scorching sun. There are some
portions of the globe to partially en-
dowed by Providence with climate
and productions, that were it not for
this prejudice to the native, the
greater part of the habitable world
would be a scene of envy and repining.
National predilection is in this sense a
blessing, and perhaps a virtue; but if
it operates otherwise than in the best
sense of its definition, it perverts the
judgment, and in some cases vitiates
the heart. It is an old saying, that
"charity begins at home," but this is
no reason it should not go abroad;
a man should live with the world, as
a citizen of the world: he may have
a preference for a particular quarter or
square, but he should have a general
feeling for the welfare of the whole;
and in his rambles through this
great city (the world) he may chance
upon a man of different habit, lan-
guage or complexion from his own,
still he is a fellow citizen, a short
journey in common with himself, sub-
ject to the same wants, infirmities and
necessities, and one that has a
brother's claim upon him for his charity,
candor and relief. It were to be
wished no traveller would leave his
own country without these impres-
sions, and it would be still better if all
who live in it would adopt them."

The individual who contributes one
new idea to the mass of human knowl-
edge, must be regarded as the bene-
factor of his country, and deserving
the homage of posterity. Ignorance
is the grave of public virtue, and
the destroyer of civil liberty. The arts
and sciences advance the good and
happiness of the human race, and
their moral relations, illumine their
understandings, tear away the veil of
error and delusion, and you render
them warm and affectionate advocates
of virtue and good government.

Incontinuity is the inevitable com-
panion of ignorance. The uninformed
mind is under the arbitrary domi-
nion of passion, which frequently
tramples on the rights of humanity,
which so often levels in the dust the
noblest effort of the understanding.
What permanency does that govern-
ment possess, which is established over
an ignorant and savage people? What
security has the public constitution,
when its guardians (the people) are
incapable of determining, when it is
violated and infringed by the hand of
usurpation, and machinations of am-
bition? An ignorant people, have in
all ages, and in all countries, been the
early victims of tyranny, and the ready
flaves of demagogues and impostors.
It is a truth deduced from the univer-
sal history and experience of mankind,
a truth drawn from the very constitu-
tion of human nature, that no gov-
ernment can be permanent and happy
but that which is established on the
enlightened reason of the people. Error
has no security for its duration;
some day or other it is developed and
detected, and every thing connected
with it tumbles into ruin.—But truth
is eternal; and when once grappled
to the human mind, never can lose its
hold. A free constitution, therefore,
whose organization is consonant to the
nature and fitness of things, whose in-
fluence is exerted over a reasonable
and enlightened people, is destined to
last for ever. Unaffected by the tur-
bulence of human passions, and unmo-
ved by the restless agitation of ambi-
tious schemes.

If in some countries ignorance, has
proved a medium through which the
people were oppressed, degraded and
enslaved, that very oppression, degra-
dation and enthrallment, have been in-
strumental in the hands of daring ur-
surpers, to dethrone princes and con-
vulse nations.

In Asia, what is the condition of
society? Ignorance and slavery are uni-
versal, and every sovereign trembles
in his elevation. Not a day, not an
hour of his life, can he feel himself
secure. He trembles at every sound,
and shivers from every shadow. His
fears and his agitations are not with-
out sufficient reason; he lies, in the

history of his country, how many prin-
ces, how many rulers have been sacra-
ficed and destroyed. The very throne
on which he is seated is dyed with
human blood. How can he regard
himself in safety?

What was it that brought Charles I.
to the scaffold? He presumed too
far on the ignorance of the people; and
Cromwell advantaged himself of
that very ignorance, and embroiled his
hands in the blood of his sovereign.

Fortunate Americans! your consti-
tution is founded on the basis of na-
ture; it is supported by wisdom and
virtue; it is destined to be lasting and
happy. Favor the cause of instruc-
tion, and you multiply the sources of
national felicity. Let your children
be well educated, and vice will be de-
prived of its malignity. Let this be
the common concern of society and of
parents; and you improve the condi-
tion of man, and benefit the cause of
morality.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Franklin
county on the waters of the fourth creek of Ben-
ton, about six miles from Frankfort a bay horse
about 8 years old, about 15 hands high, large
bold face, under lip and all his feet and legs
white, trots and paces branched on the off shoul-
der and buttock O. A.—appraised to 131. 1797.

Also, a bay horse about 13 hands and a half
high, about 12 years old, two hind feet white,
a little white on both sides of his neck, branded
on the near buttock N.—appraised to 91.

Also one black horse, 12 years old, 13
hands high, a few white hairs in his forehead,
branded on the near shoulder W. in a piece—
appraised to 181.

WILLIAM ROBINSON.

April 10, 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Franklin
county, a forest horse colt, one year old, with
a blaze in his face, well grown; appraised to 101.

MAY 1797.

CARTER BLANTON.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in
Fayette county, near Elys's sta-
tion, a bay mare, ten years old, four-
teen hands high, with a five shilling
bell on the bell branded W. I. natu-
ral trotter, appraised to 61.

JOHN ROGERS.

January 16, 1797.

Taken up by the subscriber,
a black horse, 14 hands high, 8 years old, in
the spring, a blotched brand on the near shoulder,
some saddle spots, a star in his forehead, brand
on his withers, some white spots on both hind
legs.—appraised to 151.

Also, a bay horse, 14 hands 3 inches high, 3
years old, both hind feet white, a few white
hairs on the near shoulder not known, some
white hairs in his forehead.—appraised to 201.

JOHN MYERS.

Living in Mason county, keeps ferry on Lick-
ing above the Upper Blue Lick about 14 miles.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, liv-
ing in Harrison county, at the
mouth of Twin creek, one gray mare
3 years old, 13 hands high, has no
brands appraised to 101.

JACOB ACKLEN.

February 7, 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, liv-
ing on Cane run, Mercer county,
a bay mare, ten or eleven years old,
about four feet nine or ten inches
high, branded on the near shoulder
and buttock IO, a long star in his fore-
head, and both hind feet white; ap-
praised to 121.

JOHN HAGGIN.

I will sell a great Bargain—
In the following tracts of LAND,
for ready money, viz.

Eight thousand seven hundred & fifty
acres lying on the lower side of Raven
creek, a west branch of the fourth fork of
Licking, in the county of Harrison.

Five hundred and fifty acres on said
Raven creek above.

One equal moiety of four thousand
acres of land, lying on the waters of
the north fork of Licking river.

Also about thirteen hundred acres
on the waters of Eagle creek.

The whole of the above tracts of
land are patented in the name of Wil-
liam Walker, sen. several years ago;
and no part of them have ever been
claimed by any person holding prior
claims to his.—The subscriber is fully
authorized, by a power of attorney
from the aforesaid William Walker,
sen. to sell the said lands, and make
deeds to the purchaser, warranting
the same against the aforesaid Wil-
liam Walker, sen. and his heirs.—But
if any part of the said lands should be
lost by prior claims, then the purchase
money, with interest, shall be return-
ed for that part so lost.

WM. WALKER, JUN.

May 5, 1797.



SACRED TO THE MUSES.

SONNET.

THE eastern sun its orient beams diffuse,
And the bright morn hath chas'd the somnolous night;

Mortals awake from their secure repose,
And the shrill lark mounts its celestial height;
The herdsman hails, refresh'd by drowsy rest,
O'er the enamel'd meads his cheerful way;
Whilst the blue sky, in bright'stful azure dress,
Adds a fresh beauty to the solar ray.

Yet all unmar'd the rosy morn I view,
The bright beam'd sun to the yields no delight;
Unmov'd I see the fly's curious hue,
Nor does the lark's sweet notes my ear invite.

All nature's beauties now to me are dead,
Since with my JUVENAL love, each joy is fled.

ORIGINAL ANECDOTE.

A gentleman offered a plantation for sale, and passed many encomiums on the quality of the soil, and the convenience of his improvements, to the person intending to purchase, who appeared incredulous to all his recommendations. "As I desire," said the seller, "there is on my land a valuable horse mill." "Horse mill!" says the other, "D—n the horse mill." "O," says the seller, "it needs no dam, it don't go by water."

NOTICE.

ALL THOSE WHO HAVE BECOME SUBSCRIBERS TO THE

Free Market Jockey Club,
And those who wish to become subscribers,

Are requested to meet at Anthony Bartlett's on Thursday the 6th day of June next, in order to establish firm rules and regulations as they may think necessary for the government of said club.

May 4,

At a court of Quarter Sessions held for the county of Hardin, the 25th day of February, 1797.

William Hardin, complainant,

AGAINST
Christopher Maconico,
Joseph Jones, Thomas
Shore, John May, and
Mary May, infant or
orphans of John May,
dec. and the heirs of
John Banister, dec.

IN CHANCERY.
THE defendants not having entered their appearance, agreeable to an act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants are non-inhabitants of this state.—On the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the defendants do appear here on the fourth Tuesday in June next, and answer the complainant's bill; and that a copy of this order be published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively; and posted up at the door of John Vertrees in this county, where divine service is performed.

(A copy) Telle
D. MAY C. H. C. Q.

TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGH
EST BIDDER,

FOR ready money, at the House of Mr John Rogers, near Bryan's Station, on the 4th day of June next, One Hundred and Fifty Barrels of Corn.

JEREMIAH KIRTLLEY.

Three Dollars Reward:

Strayed from the plantation of Mr. Francis Downing, on Hickman, four miles from Lexington, on the 24th instant, a dark bay horse, eight or nine years old, nearly fifteen hands high, a blaze and flip, two hind feet white. Whoever will deliver the said horse to Mr. Francis Downing, or to the subscriber, shall have the above reward.

George Heytel.

Lexington, April 25.

ALL persons indebted for purchases made at the late sale of the estate of John and Hannah Harris dec. are hereby requested to make payment, on or before the 15th of June next, as no further indulgence will be given.

GABL. MADISON.

May 20, 1797.

Blank Bills of Exchange,

— Declarations,
— Notes of hand,
— Warrants, &c.

May be had at the Office of
the Kentucky Gazette.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER
HAS several tracts of Land in different parts of Kentucky, for sale, which he will dispose of reasonably.

JOHN CLAY.

Lexington, 4th August, 1796.

NEW ORLEANS.

THE Subscribers will engage a number of Able BODIED MEN, to conduct their Boats to New Orleans. Liberal wages will be given.

Apply to
WHEAT, HEMP, and TALLOW, in Merchandise. Apply as above.

Lexington, November 15.

FRESH GOODS.

Just received and now opened, by
JAMES TROTTER,
At his Store in Lexington,
A large and general assortment of

Merchandise.

Which will be sold on the lowest terms for Cash and Country made Linen and Sugar.

FOR SALE.

The Tan-Yard, and Shop,
OF WILLIAM PARKER dec'd.—
For terms apply to the subscriber in Lexington.

Alexander Parker.

April 25.

IRON BANK.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
ONE thousand acres of Land, lying North West of the Ohio, containing an extensive bank of excellent Ore, as the subscribers suppose—the quality of this Ore has been ascertained by Mr. Saurman of Lexington, to whom application for information. The above tract of land lies about twelve miles from the Ohio river, and about one mile from Little Scioto, which empties a few miles above the three islands.—A system supposed to be well calculated for a furnace, runs through the land, and has a fall of thirty feet at one spot, and about three quarters of a mile from the bank of ore.—For further particulars apply to Mr. Alexander Parker in Lexington, or the subscribers in Washington.

BASIL DUKE.

JOHN COBURN.

April 21, 1797.

Take Notice.

THAT pursuant to a decree of the Danville District court, held at that place the 17th April, 1797, I shall proceed to sell the following tracts, or parcels of LAND, (the property of Jacob Myers,) at Winchester, in Clark county, on Tuesday, the 27th June next, (to wit.) 100 acres on the waters of Slate creek; 800 acres adjoining the Mud lick tract; 600 acres adjoining the last mentioned tract; also one moiety, or half of 8000 acres entered in the name of John Cockey Owings, on the dividing ridge between State, Flat, and Hingston's creeks. Likewise, I shall attend at Frankfort, in the county of Franklin, on Tuesday, the 18th of July, to sell the following tracts (viz.) 500 acres on the head of the first branch running into the Kentucky river above the mouth of big Benton; 500 acres adjoining the last mentioned tract, on the lower side; also 1000 acres on the waters of Bear's creek, and 1000 acres adjoining the last mentioned tract.

I shall also attend at Shepherdsville, in the county of Bullitt, on Tuesday, the 25th of the same month, to sell the following tracts (to wit.) 1200 acres, about 4 miles below the mouth of the Rolling fork; also 1000 acres on the fourth side of Salt river, opposite the mouth of the Rolling fork. And if the above mentioned lands will not sell for as much as the above mentioned decree calls for, I shall then proceed to Baird-town, on Thursday, the 27th in the same week, to sell all the said Myers's lands, lying between Mount Sterling and the mouth of Steplone, in Clarke county; also all the said Myers's lands held in Partnership with Henry Pawling esq. on the head of Slate creek; together with sundry claims of said Myers, lying on the waters of the Tennessee and Mississippi rivers. The above lands will be sold for one half ready money, the other half three months credit, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.—The title to said lands to be made with a general warranty deed, on the payment of the whole purchase money, and agreeable to the deed of trust given by said Myers.

WALTER E. STRONG, Com.
Danville, 1st May, 1797.

50 TO BE LET

FOR the term of three years, the Plantation I formerly lived on, situate in the county of Mercer and on Chaplain's fork (between widow Harbinton's and Thomas Harbinton's) on the road leading from the Knob lick to Baird-town—near sixty acres well cleared, fifteen of which are set with timothy grass, four acres of an apple and peach orchard, with necessary buildings, and an excellent spring—for terms apply to Samuel Ewing esq. living near the premises.

W. M. M'BYERS.

THIS is to inform the public, that Pulling and Dying in its various branches is carried on by the subscriber, in Fayette county near Todd's ferry on the Kentucky river—all those who will please to favour him with their custom may depend on having their work done in the neatest and best manner and on the shortest notice.

Woolen Cotton or linen thread dyed blue or green.

JOHN M'ILLIN.

N. B. he takes in cloth at Capt. Sharp's, in Woodford the first Tuesday in every month; also in Lexington at C. & H. Cornter's the second Tuesday in every month.

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAVING engaged a number of men from Philadelphia, perfectly acquainted with manufacturing Cords in all its different branches, is determined to engage extensively in that business; he will therefore give the highest prices for good well cleaned HEMP and TALLOW, and generous wages to all such THOSE MEN who desire to be employed, are requested to send forward by letter, accompanied with a recommendation of their sobriety and industry, and to send also a list of a number of boys for the purpose, if they are of age, as APPLICANTS to the said subscribers, who shall be well clothed, and carefully bound to the service of Mr. Downing, manager, who has come forward with a recommendation of his character, and perfectly well acquainted with the management of a rope walk, and upon the satisfaction he has taken into partnership. All those species of mind and others who wish to be employed, and greatly compensated for their services, are requested to send forward their names, and if they are of age, and decent employment, it is hoped that many will be disposed to be instructed in this useful branch of business.

THOMAS HANT.

March 18, 1797.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the partnership of Alexander and James Parker being dissolved (by the death of James) the executors of the deceased, jointly request all such persons indebted to the said firm, by bond, note or book account, to come forward immediately and settle their respective balances, like all those who have any demands against said firm, to bring them forward properly substantiated, for settlement, as the debts of the deceased must be immediately paid and the partnership settled.—No indulgence can be expected.

ALEX. PARKER, Ex'rs.

JOHN COBURN, Ex'rs.

JOHN BRADFORD, Ex'rs.

Lexington, April 12, 1797.

Wanted immediately.

A NUMBER OF HANDS TO COND. CT BOATS TO THE Mouth of OHIO.
To whom generous wages will be given. Apply to the subscriber in Lexington.

ANDREW HOLMES.

April 13, 1797.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership of CHARLES HUMPHREYS & Co. was dissolved on the 1st inst. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands are requested to call on the subscriber for payment, in whole hands the books dec. are placed.

ANDREW HOLMES.

April 16.

Wanted immediately.

Two or three Apprentices
To the Carpenter's and Shop Joiner's Business. Also two or three

Good Journeyman,

for House work, to whom generous wages will be given.

JOHN SPANGLER.

Lexington, April 12.

One Thousand Dollars Reward

WHEREAS, there is sufficient reason to suppose that this town has been attempted to be SET ON FIRE by some malicious person or persons. Be it known, that the inhabitants thereof, in order to discover and bring to justice the perpetrators, who are, or hereafter may be guilty of a crime so heinous, and dangerous to society; have raised a subscription of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, as a reward to any person &c. who shall discover and prosecute to conviction such incendiary.

Published by order of the Trustees.
ROBERT PATTERSON. Chm
May 6, 1797.

Richard Coleman,

TAKES this method of returning his grateful thanks to his former customers; and begs leave to inform them and the public in general, that he has removed to that commodious house lately occupied by Capt. Walker Baylor, on Short street, in this place; where he will continue to keep good entertainment for man and horse. He would wish to take a few genteel boards.

25f Lexington, March 6.

N. B. The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, that he would wish to take a few standing horses, as he is furnished with the best otter in Kentucky.

R. COLEMAN.

THE SUBSCRIBERS.

HAVE just received and are now opening at their Store in Lexington, a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE.

WHICH they will sell low for Cash; Hemp Wheat, Butter, Hog's lard, Tobacco Tallow and Tary all which they will give the cheapest price for, at their Store in Lexington Cynthia, E. Winter's Mills at two mouth of Tate's Creek, or any Ware House on the Kentucky River.

December 19, 1796. MOODY & DOWNING

WINE & SPIRITS.

I HAVE ON HAND A QUANTITY OF
MADEIRA, PORT, LISSON and
SHERRY WINE:

ALSO, GOOD OLD SPIRITS, & BRANDY,
WHICH I will sell on moderate terms by the Cask.

WILLIAM LEAVY.

Lexington April 14, 1797.

THAT BEAUTIFUL HORSE CALLED
Nebuchadnezzar,

A Full half Dray, will stand at my stable, at the sign of the Indian King, on main street, Lexington; he is a beautiful black, mixed with a little gray, four years old, about sixteen hands one inch high; his father was a full Dray of the largest size (who was imported by General Williams, Baltimore) his dam a full blooded imported English mare.

Nebuchadnezzar will stand at five dollars the season, payable in merchantable produce, delivered in Lexington. Any gentleman who may choose to feed mares any distance, may have pasture at three shillings per week during the season, but I will not be liable for escapes or accidents.

G. ADAMS.

March 1, 1797.

STRAYED OR STOLEN
FROM the subscriber, on the 25th of March, one mare and two horses. A reward of two dollars for each and reasonable charges will be allowed to whoever will deliver them in Millerburg.—The mare is a bright bay color, has neither brand or mark, she is about 7 years old, and above 15 hands high, trots remarkably well and was lately shod round. One horse is the same age and size, brown bay, branded on the shoulder with, the left hind foot felled, and a small white mark in the forehead. The other horse is smaller, brown bay five years old, slender made, branded on the shoulder with a heart, and has remarkable long ears.

J. SAVARY.

Millerburg, Hingston's fork.

NOTICE, to those whom it may concern.—That whereas I have purchased of Richard Clinnoweth of Jefferson county, an arbitration bond on Col. Wm. Fleming of Virginia, and have given him in exchange, my due bill for fifty-six pounds in merchantable goods; but have been credibly informed since, that there is a deception in the bond, this is to forewarn any person from trading for or taking an assignment on the said due bill, as I am determined not to discharge it until I hear to the contrary.

JOHN CLAY.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership between Peter January, Thomas January and Peter January, jun. trading under the firm of
PETER JANUARY, jun. & Co.
was dissolved, by mutual consent, the first of June inst. and the books and papers thereof placed in the hands of Thomas January, for adjustment. The subscriber therefore now expressly requests such persons as are indebted to the said co-partnership, to make immediate payment of their respective balances, in order that he may be enabled to discharge the debts due by the said firm.

THOMAS JANUARY.

March 20, 1797.